



WHEN TO KEEP YOUR CHILDREN AT HOME ▶▶

Keeping your child home when they are sick, or when another member of the household is sick, is an important way that you can help keep our school community safe from the spread of COVID-19. We know that keeping your child at home is challenging. Thank you for helping us keep our community healthy.



Keep children home when **they are sick or feeling sick** to avoid spreading germs to others.

How long should I keep my children home?

- ▶ If your child gets flu-like symptoms without a fever, keep them home to lower the chances of spreading the illness to others.
- ▶ If your child has a fever, keep them home for at least 24 hours after the fever is gone without the use of fever-reducing medication. This will help ensure that the fever is truly gone and that your child is past the point of being contagious.
- ▶ Children with weakened immune systems may need to stay home longer.



Keep children home when **they are confirmed** to have COVID-19 or **have symptoms** consistent with COVID-19

How long should I keep my children home?

- ▶ If your child receives a positive test for COVID-19, they need to stay home and isolate.
 - Your child needs to isolate for 5 days and can return to school on Day 6 if their symptoms have improved and they are fever-free for 24 hours without the use of fever-reducing medication.
- ▶ If your child has symptoms of COVID-19, they need to get a COVID-19 test to confirm if they are infected with the virus.
 - If they test positive for COVID-19, they need to isolate for 5 days and can return to school on Day 6 if their symptoms have improved and they are fever-free for 24 hours without the use of fever-reducing medication.
 - If they test negative for COVID-19, they can return to school when their symptoms have improved and they are fever-free for 24 hours without the use of fever-reducing medication.